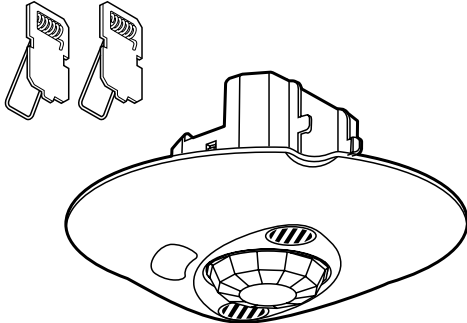


 www.legrandoc.com



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1. USE

DALI sensor Cat. No. 0 489 35 is a device which measures the daylight level and detects presence of people using dual technology (passive infrared and ultrasonic (PIR + US)).

It can be surface-mounted on a concrete ceiling using box Cat. No. 0 488 75, or flush-mounted directly in a suspended ceiling using claws or in a flush-mounting box Cat. No. 0 800 31.

It is suitable for indoor workspaces such as offices, meeting rooms, classrooms, etc and it can be used on its own or in combination with DALI power supply/wiring unit Cat No. 0 488 76.

This sensor can manage up to 2 groups of dimmer ECGs, "window" and "corridor" type (containing a maximum of 64 ECGs), for which it is possible to configure an offset light level.

If it is used in combination with DALI power supply/wiring unit Cat No. 0 488 76, it can manage up to three ECG groups (64 ECGs max).

These groups are made up as follows: 2 "window" and "corridor" groups which can be used to dim the lighting, for which it is possible to set a light level offset, and a "display board" group which can only be switched ON/OFF.

This sensor is fully configured using configuration tool Cat. No. 0 882 30/ BMSO4001 with which it is possible to:

- Distribute DALI ECG addresses
- Pair DALI ECGs with their sensor and their group (window, corridor or display board)
- Define the light level offset between the "window" group and the "corridor" group
- Designate Master and Slave sensors
- Define the standby level when there is no detection
- Define the standby time
- Configure all the other sensor settings (for example, daylight setpoint, time the lighting remains on after detection, choice of detection technology, operating mode, etc.)

DALI sensor Cat. No. 0 489 35 is powered with 16 VDC by the DALI bus.

A DALI power supply Cat No. 0 035 15 or 0 035 13 can supply this voltage to the DALI BUS with a maximum of 200 mA, and the DALI unit Cat No. 0 488 76 also acts as the bus power supply.

2. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Voltage: 12-20 V=

Consumption: 25 mA

Wiring:

- Power: 2 x 2.5 mm²

DALI < 1.5 mm²

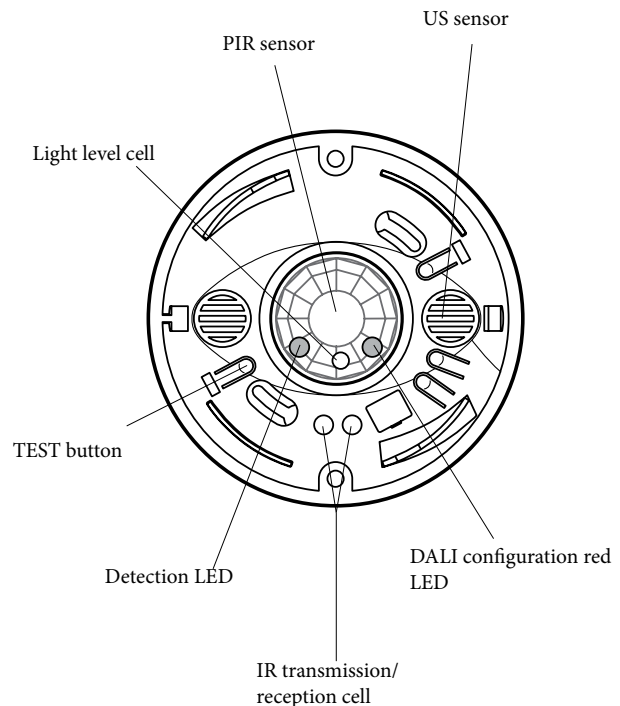
Usage temperature: -5°C to +45°C

Storage temperature: -20°C to +70°C

Impact resistance: IK04

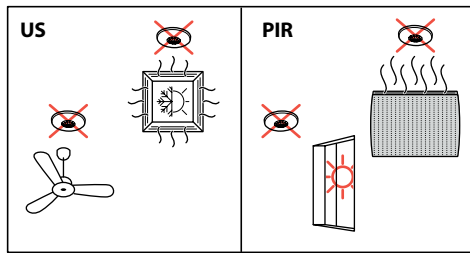
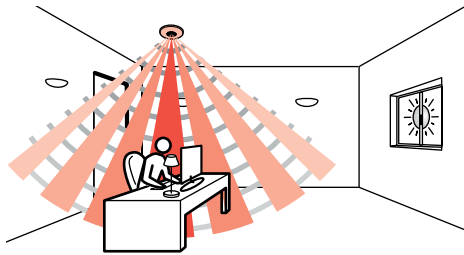
Penetration by solid and liquid matter: IP20

Weight: 115 g

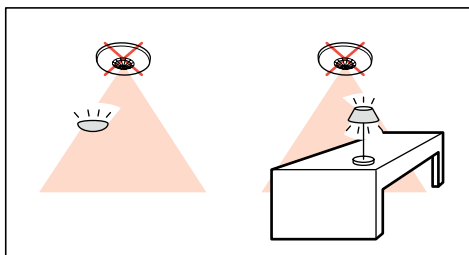
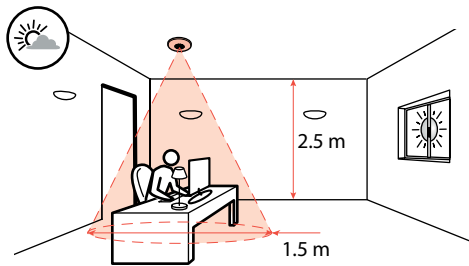


3. INSTALLATION

■ 3.1 Sensor location

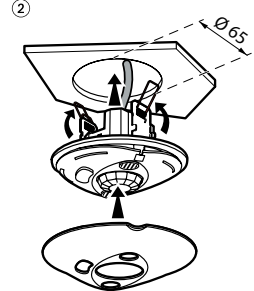
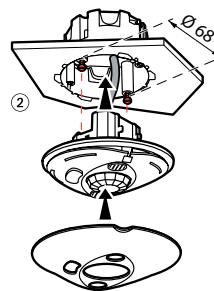
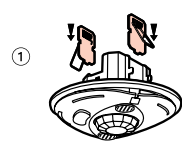
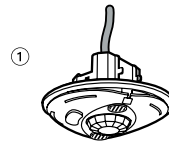
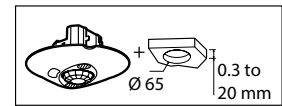
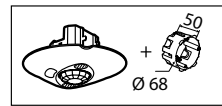


■ 3.2 Recommended light exposure

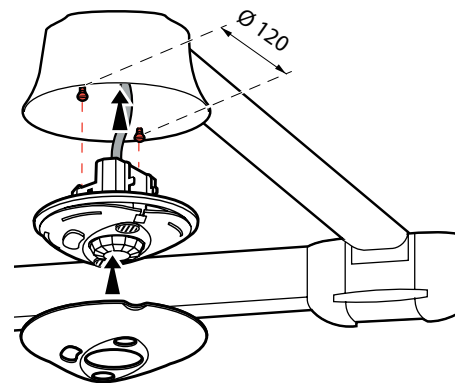
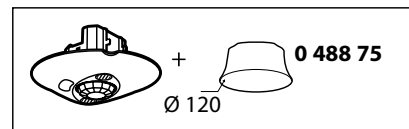


3. INSTALLATION (CONTINUED)

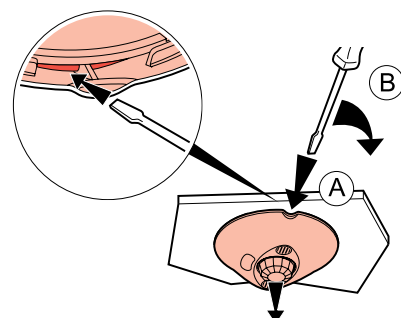
■ 3.3 Mounting



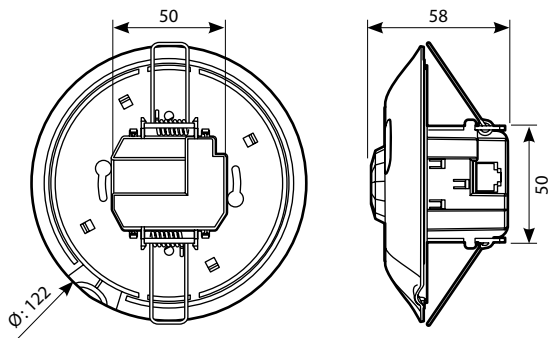
■ 3.4 Recommended light exposure



■ 3.5. Removal

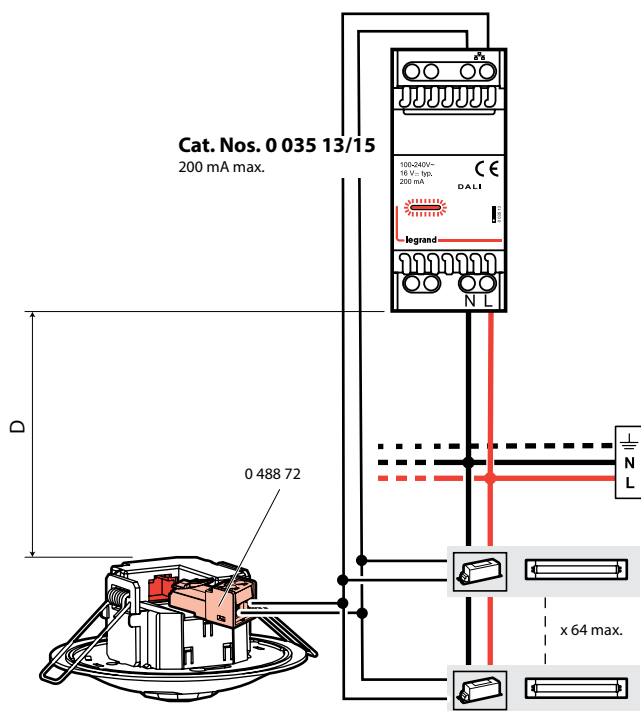



4. DIMENSIONS

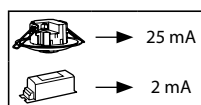


5. CONNECTION

5.1 Wiring with a single sensor:

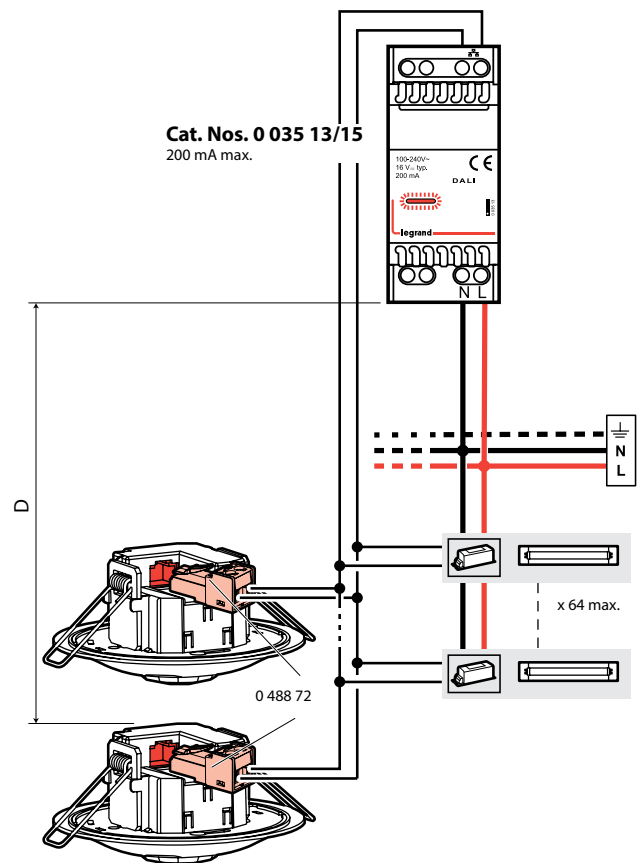
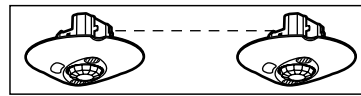


D	
≤ 100 m	0.5 mm ²
≤ 150 m	0.75 mm ²
≤ 300 m	1.5 mm ²



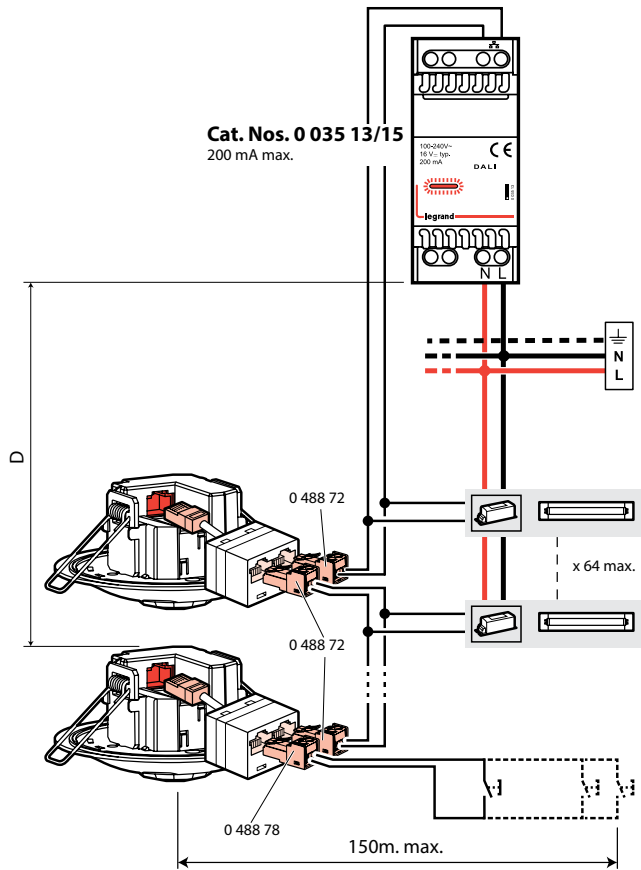
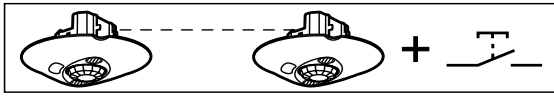
5. CONNECTION (CONTINUED)

5.2 Wiring with several sensors



5. CONNECTION (CONTINUED)

■ 5.3 Wiring with several sensors and one control unit:



0 488 78

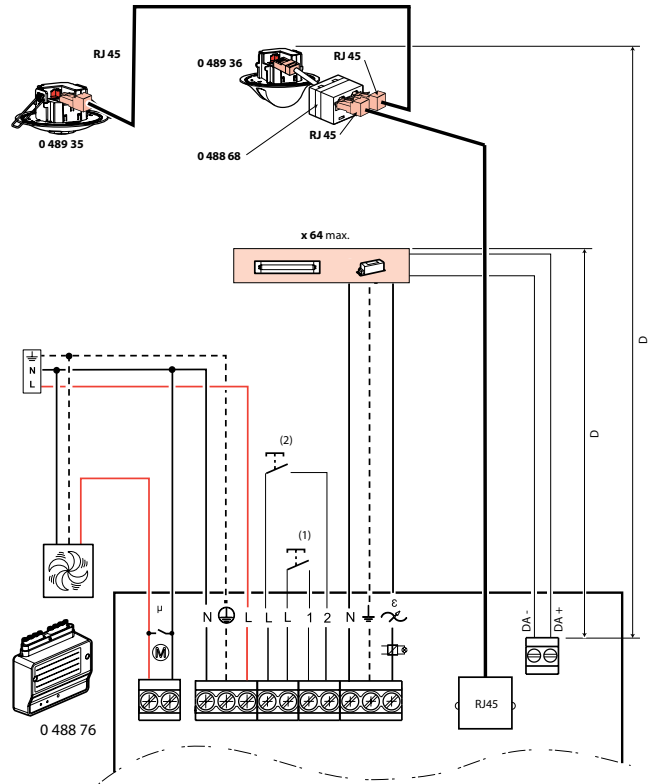
The push-button must be connected to a master sensor via **Cat. No. 0 488 78**.

D	
≤ 100 m	0.5 mm ²
≤ 150 m	0.75 mm ²
≤ 300 m	1.5 mm ²

	→ 25 mA
	→ 2 mA

5. CONNECTION (CONTINUED)

■ 5.4 Wiring with several sensors, one control unit and a DALI unit
Cat. No. 0 488 76



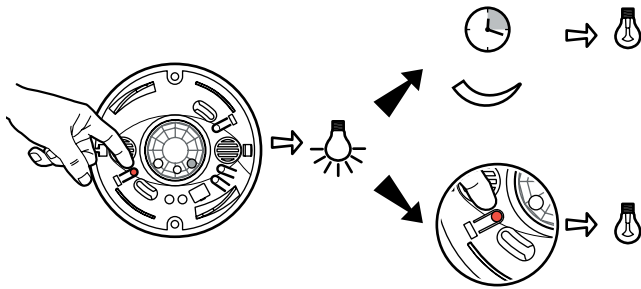
- (1): Classroom
- (2): Display board

0 489 36		→ 10 mA
0 489 35		→ 25 mA
		→ 2 mA

D	
≤ 100 m	0.5 mm ²
≤ 150 m	0.75 mm ²
≤ 300 m	1.5 mm ²

6. OPERATION

6.1 TEST function



6.2 Configuration

Configuration of a DALI installation is described in the **DALI programming manual**.

7. SETTINGS

7.1 Detection settings

Sensor settings		Default value	Modifiable parameters	Configuration tools 0 882 30 BMSO4001
Time delay		15 min	5 s - 2 hrs	✓
Sensitivity		PIR (very high) US (high)	Low, medium, high, very high	✓
Modes	Auto on/Auto off	Active	Enable/Disable	✓
	Walkthrough	Inactive	Enable/Disable	✓
	Manual on/Auto off	Inactive	Enable/Disable	✓
Detection system	Initial	PIR and US	PIR and/or US, PIR, US	✓
	Maintain	PIR or US	PIR and/or US, PIR, US	✓
	Restart	PIR or US	PIR and/or US, PIR, US/Disable	✓
Alarm		Inactive	Enable/Disable	✓

🕒 **Time delay:** Length of time the load is on after detection.

Pulse mode (= push-button mode): If the time delay is set to 0, the sensor is in push-button mode. In this case, there is a 10-minute time delay before the load is switched off. If the setting is overridden or there is a new detection, the 10-minute time delay starts again.
Possible with configuration tool 0 882 30/BMSO4001.

🔊 **Sensitivity:** Detection range setting.

7. SETTINGS (CONTINUED)

7.1 Detection settings (continued)

🕒 **Auto on/Auto off mode:**

The lighting switches on automatically:

- On detection of presence if the natural light level is insufficient

The lighting switches off automatically:

- Where no presence is detected and at the end of the time delay set
 - Or if the natural light level is sufficient (regulation activated)
- Another detection causes automatic switch-on if there is insufficient light.

🕒 **Walkthrough mode:**

- If no presence is detected in the 20 seconds following an initial detection, the device will switch off the load after 3 minutes.
- If another movement is detected in the 3 minutes following initial detection, the device will switch off the load at the end of the set time delay.

🕒 **Manual on/Auto off mode:**

🕒 The lighting is switched on via a manual control, but switches off automatically:

- Where no presence is detected and at the end of the time delay set
- After switch-off, if another movement is detected within a 30-second period, the lighting switches on automatically. The Restart function must be enabled.
After 30 seconds, the lighting has to be switched on manually.

Detection system:

Initial detection: The load is switched on as soon as the first detection occurs if the natural light level is below the light level threshold.

Maintain: The load remains active if another presence is detected.

Restart: In manual mode. After switch-off, any new detection within a 30-second period triggers an automatic switch-on.

After 30 seconds the device must be switched on manually.

Possible in Manual on/Auto off mode only.

Alarm: An audible signal is emitted before switch-off. 1 minute before, then 30 seconds, then 10 seconds.

7.2 Light level settings

Sensor settings		Default value	Modifiable parameters	Configuration tools 0 882 30 BMSO4001
Daylight setpoint		500 lux	5 - 1275 lux	✓
Advanced mode	Calibration	–	0 - 99995 lux	✓
	Light regulation	Active	Enable/Disable	✓
	Light contribution	Auto	Auto - 1275 lux	✓

☀️ **Daylight setpoint:** Value at which the load comes on if the natural light level is less than the setting.

👁️ **Eye function:** Value 0 (eye on configuration tool 0 882 30/BMSO4001) is used to save the ambient light level in the room as a daylight setpoint.

7. SETTINGS (CONTINUED)

7.2 Light level settings

Advanced mode:

Calibration: The ambient light level measured with a luxmeter must then be transmitted to the sensor.

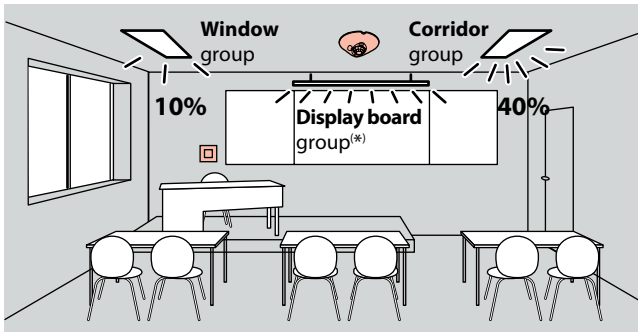
Regulation: Automatic switch-off of the load 10 minutes after the daylight setpoint is exceeded with an additional safety threshold (to avoid lights switching off at the wrong moment).

Light contribution: Quantity of additional lux provided by the load being switched on.

When the light contribution parameter is set to "Auto" on configuration tool Cat. No. 0 882 30/BMSO4001, the sensor automatically calculates how much light is provided.

Offset function: Luminaires controlled according to the daylight level. Used to manage an increased light contribution on the "corridor group" and thus obtain an even light level in the classroom. This setting consists of entering a value (% of desired difference in light level) using tool 0 882 30/BMSO4001. See the DALI product programming manual.

Example of 30% offset:



(*) The **Display board** group is only possible if the installation includes a DALI unit Cat. No. 0 488 76. The lighting is only switched on when presence is detected and can be switched off with a push-button.

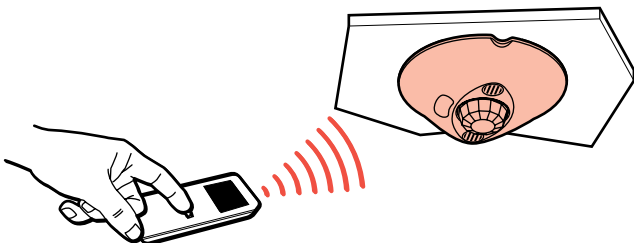
Master/Slave parameter setting:

By default, all the sensors are supplied as Slaves, but to manage lighting they must be configured as the Master.

When configured as the Master, the sensor manages presence and lighting regulation.

When configured as a Slave, the sensor only manages presence.

7.3 Modifying settings using the configuration tool



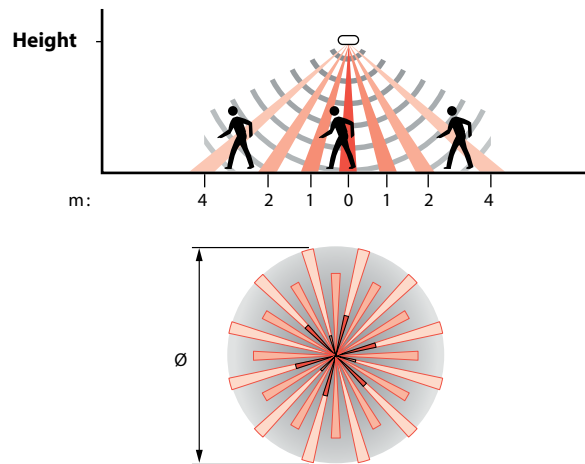
0 882 30/BMSO4001: Advanced configuration tool

When the sensor receives an IR command via the configuration tool, a red LED lights up acknowledging the modification.

For more information about setting parameters, refer to the data sheet for the configuration tool Cat. No. 0 882 30.

8. PERFORMANCE

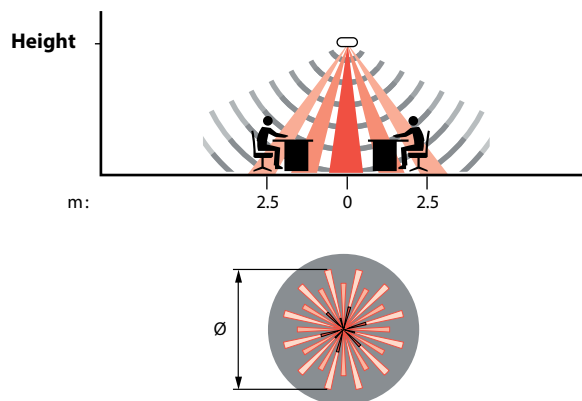
8.1 PIR - Motion detection



		Low Sensitivity (25%)		Medium Sensitivity (50%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	4	15	6	25
	3	5.5	25	6.5	35
	4	6.5	35	7.5	45
	5	6	30	10.5	90
	6	4	15	5.5	25

		High sensitivity (75%)		Very high sensitivity (100%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	6.5	30	8	50
	3	8.5	60	11.5	100
	4	12.5	125	14	155
	5	12	115	16.5	215
	6	8.5	60	12.5	125

8.2 PIR - Presence detection



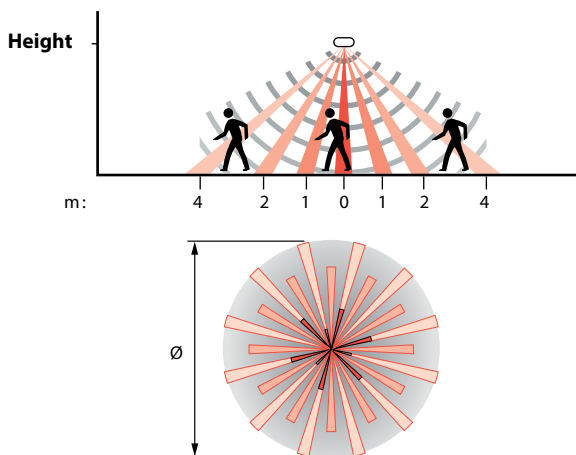
8. PERFORMANCE (CONTINUED)

■ 8.2 PIR - Presence detection (continued)

		Low sensitivity (25%)		Medium sensitivity (50%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	4	15	6	25
	3	5.5	25	6.5	35
	4	6.5	35	7.5	45
	5	6	30	10.5	90
	6	4	15	5.5	25

		High sensitivity (75%)		Very high sensitivity (100%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	6.5	30	8	50
	3	8.5	60	11.5	100
	4	12.5	125	14	155
	5	12	115	16.5	215
	6	8.5	60	12.5	125

■ 8.2 US - Motion detection

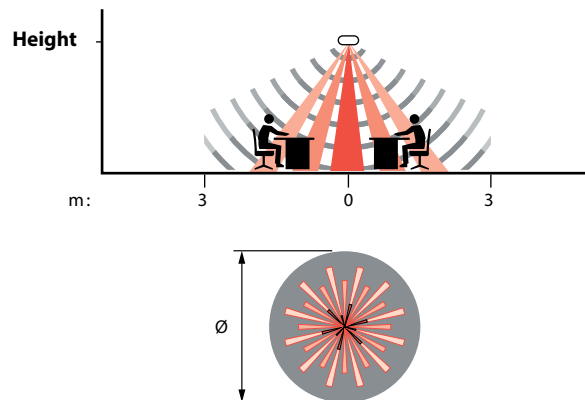


		Low sensitivity (25%)		Medium sensitivity (50%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	4	15	4	15
	3	6	30	6	30
	4	6	30	6	30
	5	6	30	6	30
	6	0	0	6	30

		High sensitivity (75%)		Very high sensitivity (100%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	6	30	11	95
	3	8	50	13	150
	4	10	80	13	150
	5	10	80	13	130
	6	10	80	13	130

8. PERFORMANCE (CONTINUED)

■ 8.4 US - Presence detection



		Low sensitivity (25%)		Medium sensitivity (50%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	4	15	4	15
	3	6	30	6	30
	4	6	30	6	30
	5	6	30	6	30
	6	0	0	6	30

		High sensitivity (75%)		Very high sensitivity (100%)	
		Ø (m)	surface (m ²)	Ø (m)	surface (m ²)
Height (m)	2.5	6	30	11	95
	3	8	50	13	150
	4	10	80	13	150
	5	10	80	13	130
	6	10	80	13	130

9. CARE

Keep the lens clean.
Clean the surface with a cloth.
Do not use acetone, tar-removing cleaning agents or trichloroethylene.
Resistant to the following products: - Hexane
- Methylated spirit
- Soapy water
- Diluted ammonia
- Bleach diluted to 10%
- Window-cleaning products

Caution:
Always test before using other special cleaning products.

10. STANDARDS

Directive: EC

Installation standards: NFC 15-100

Product standards: NF EN 50428

Environmental standards:

- European directive 2002/96/EC:
WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)
- European directive 2002/95/EC:
RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances)
- Decrees and/or regulations: Public buildings
Workplace buildings
High-rise buildings

NB:

All technical information is available online at



11. TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEMS	CAUSES	SOLUTIONS
The lighting stays on when there is no-one present	Sources of interference such as draughts, vibration or radiators may cause nuisance tripping	1- Reduce the sensitivity level 2- If the interference continues with the configuration tool, go into Detection system, select Maintain and then choose PIR or US detection 3- If the interference still continues, move the sensor away from sources of interference
The lighting does not switch off during the day when there is an adequate natural light level	Regulation function inactive Daylight setpoint too high Too much light provided	Enable the regulation function Reduce the daylight setpoint Check that the sensor is positioned correctly in relation to the window Decrease the power of the luminaires
The lighting switches off when there are people present and the natural light level is inadequate (darkness)	Time delay too short Detection sensitivity too low Daylight setpoint too low	Increase the time delay 5 to 15 minutes is recommended for work areas Increase the sensitivity Move the sensor closer to the work area Increase the threshold